

- búfàngxīn 不放心 SV: to be uneasy
 Xiǎoháizi zuò fàn, wǒ
 búfàngxīn. (I feel uneasy when the
 children cook.)
10. fúwùyuán 服务员 N: clerk, attendant, waiter
 (hotel or restaurant)
11. huòshi 或是 CONJ: or, either (in statements
 only)
 Zhèige huòshi nèige dōu
 xíng. (Either this or that is OK.)
12. jìde 记得 V: to remember
 Wǒ jìde lǎoshī shuō, yào
 qǐng wǒmen chī Zhōngguó
 fàn. (I remember that the teacher
 said he would invite us to
 a Chinese meal.)
13. jiē diànhuà 接电话 VO: to answer the telephone
 Wǒmen jiā xiǎo háizi bùkěyǐ
 jiē diànhuà. (In our house the children
 are not permitted to answer
 the telephone.)
- jiē 接 V: to answer (telephone)
14. júzi 橘子 N: orange
 júzishuǐ 橘子水 N: orange juice
15. jùzi 句子 N: sentence
 Zhèige jùzi wǒ bùdǒng. (I don't understand this
 sentence.)
- jù 一句 M: (for sentence)
 Zhèi wǔjù huà dōu shì
 nǐ xiěde ma?) (Did you write all five of
 these sentences?)
16. kāfēi 咖啡 N: coffee
17. lùyīnjī 录音机 N: tape recorder
 a. lùyǐngjī/lùxiàngjī 录影机/录像机 N: video recorder
 b. lùxiàlai 录下来 V: to record (on tape)
18. māma 妈妈 N: mama, mother
 bàba 爸爸 N: papa, father

19. ná 拿
Nǐ nǎzhe shénme ne?
V: to take, to bring (hold in the hand)
(What are you holding now?/ What are you carrying?)
- a. nálai 拿来
Qǐng ná liǎngbei kāfēi lai.
V: to bring (it) here
(Please bring two cups of coffee.)
- b. náqu 拿去
Zhèige dōngxī, wǒ búyào, nǐ kéyǐ náqu.
V: to take (it) away, to take (it) over there
(I don't want this thing anymore; you may take it away.)
20. pèi 配
Wǔkuài qián yíge rén, qǐng dàshǐfu gěi wǒmen pèi wǔge cài yíge tāng.
V: to mate, to mix, to compound, to match, to arrange (select dishes to suit one's taste)
(For five dollars a person, ask the chef to arrange five dishes and one soup that complement each other.)
21. qíguài 奇怪
Nèige háizi zhēn qíguài, tā wǎnshàng búshuǐjiào.
SV: to be strange, odd, peculiar
(That child is really strange; he won't go to sleep at night.)
22. sùshè 宿舍
N: dormitory
23. wàng 忘
Tā wàngle tā zìjǐ xìng shénme.
V: to forget
(He has forgotten his own surname.)
24. wèi (or wéi) 喂
IE: hello (used in telephone greeting)
25. Xiǎomèi 小妹
IE: Little Sister
26. xiěxiàlaile 写下来了
RV: to have written down (actual-positive case)
- méixiěxiàlai 没写下来
RV: to have not written down (actual-negative case)
27. Zhēnmíng 珍明
N: (given name of a person)

OLD WORDS WITH NEW USAGES

28. diǎn 点
 Wǒmen yíge rén diǎn yíge
 cài, hǎo ma?
 V: to order (select) dishes
 from a menu
 (We'll each order one dish;
 how about it?)
29. guānshang 关上
 Wǒmen yào shuìjiào, qǐng
 bǎ shōuyīnjī guānshang.
 V: to turn off (electric switch,
 radio, etc.)
 (We want to go to sleep;
 please turn off the radio.)
30. jiào 叫
 Nǐmen xiǎng jiào jǐge cài?
 V: to order (dishes in a rest-
 aurant)
 (How many dishes do you want
 to order?)
31. kāikāi 开开
 Nǐ kāi mén, wǒ kāikāi shōu-
 yīnjī.
 V: to turn on (electric switch),
 to open
 (You open the door; I'll
 turn on the radio.)
32. yī ... jiù 一 ... 就
 Tā yí jīnlai nǐ jiù guān-
 shang mén.
 PT: as soon as
 (As soon as he comes in,
 close the door.)
33. zuìhǎo 最好 MA/A-SV: the best
 Nǐ zuìhǎo shǎo shuōhuà./
 Zuìhǎo nǐ shǎo shuōhuà.
 (The best [thing you can do]
 is to keep your mouth shut.)